



To: CSCA Members

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**Re: Governor's Final Actions**

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Sunday, October 10 was the deadline for the Governor to sign or veto all legislation on his desk for the first year of the 2021-22 regular legislative session. According to the Governor's Office, the Governor signed 770 of the 836 bills that reached his desk in 2021. Governor Newsom vetoed 66 bills, resulting in a veto rate of 7.9%. For comparison, veto percentages were typically 5% under Governor Reagan in 1972, and Governor Schwarzenegger's veto rate was the highest in state history at 35%.

Below is a list of signed bills we monitored for CSCA, as the Governor did not veto any bills of particular interest to CSCA. While behind the scenes work and preparation for next year has already commenced, the Legislature is now in recess until Monday, January 3, 2022.

We will continue to keep you updated on State legislative and budget discussions leading up to the second year of the 2021-2022 legislative session. We would like to extend our appreciation to CSCA for your time and efforts in reviewing and engaging on several priority issues this year. It is our continued honor to work with you and we look forward to representing you in the halls of the Capitol in 2022.

**Chaptered Bills:**

<b>Measure</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Status</b>	<b>Summary</b>
<a href="#"><u>AB 89</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Jones-</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Sawyer D</u></a>	Peace officers: minimum qualifications.	9/30/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 405, Statutes of 2021.	Current law requires the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) to establish a certification program for specified peace officers, including officers of the Department of the California Highway Patrol. Current law requires the commission to establish basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisory, management, and executive certificates for the purpose of fostering the education and experience necessary to perform general police service duties. Current law requires certificates to be awarded on the basis of a combination of training, education, experience, and other prerequisites, as determined by the commission. This bill would require the office of the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges to develop a modern policing degree program, with the commission and other stakeholders to serve as advisors, as specified, and to submit a report on recommendations to the Legislature outlining a plan to implement the program on or before June 1, 2023.
<a href="#"><u>AB 218</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Ward D</u></a>	Change of gender and sex identifier.	10/6/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 577, Statutes of 2021.	Current law authorizes a procedure for a person born in this state to obtain a new birth certificate directly from the State Registrar to reflect their change of gender to female, male, or nonbinary without a court order. Current law prohibits a new birth certificate issued under these provisions from indicating that it is not the original birth certificate and requires a local registrar or the county recorder to either forward a copy of the original birth certificate to the State Registrar or seal a cover over the copy of the original birth certificate, as specified. This bill would recast these provisions relating to new birth certificates to provide for a change in gender and sex identifier and to specify that a person who was issued a birth certificate by this state, rather than a person born in this state, may obtain a new birth certificate.
<a href="#"><u>AB 439</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Bauer-</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Kahan D</u></a>	Certificates of death: gender identity.	7/9/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 53, Statutes of 2021.	Current law requires a person completing the certificate of death to record the decedent's gender identity as reported by the informant, unless the person is presented with specified legal documents showing a different gender identity. Current law requires the person completing the certificate of death to record the decedent's gender identity as indicated in the specified legal documents, or if the specified documents are not presented, as indicated by the person or a majority of persons with control over the disposition of the remains, as specified. This bill would authorize the

			decedent's gender identity to be recorded as female, male, or nonbinary.
<a href="#"><u>AB 651</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Gipson D</u></a>	Endowment care cemeteries: examination, investigation, and discipline.	10/1/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 442, Statutes of 2021.	Under current law, an endowment care cemetery is defined as one which has deposited in its endowment care fund at the time of or not later than completion of the initial sale specified minimum amounts for plots sold or disposed of. This bill would, over a 3-year period, increase the minimum amounts for each plot sold or disposed of that an endowment care cemetery is required to deposit in its endowment care trust fund, as prescribed.
<a href="#"><u>AB 673</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Salas D</u></a>	Domestic violence.	10/8/2021- Signed by the Governor	Current law establishes the Comprehensive Statewide Domestic Violence Program in the Office of Emergency Services to, among other things, provide local assistance to existing service providers and to establish a targeted or directed program for the development and establishment of domestic violence services in currently unserved and underserved areas. Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to provide financial and technical assistance to local domestic violence centers in implementing specified services. This bill would require that the portion of any grant funding awarded pursuant to this provision that is funded by the state be distributed to the recipient in a single disbursement at the beginning of the grant period.
<a href="#"><u>AB 751</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Irwin D</u></a>	Vital records: certified copies: electronic requests.	10/7/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 623, Statutes of 2021.	Current law generally authorizes the State Registrar, a local registrar, or a county recorder to furnish a certified copy of a birth, death, or marriage certificate to an authorized person, as defined, who submits a written, faxed, or digitized image of a request accompanied by a notarized statement, sworn under penalty of perjury, that the applicant is an authorized person. Current law, until January 1, 2022, additionally authorizes these officials to accept an electronic request for a certified copy of these records if the request is accompanied by an electronic verification of identity and an electronic statement sworn under penalty of perjury. The bill would delete the January 1, 2022, sunset date for authorizing an official to accept an electronic request, thereby applying those provisions indefinitely.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1094</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Arambula D</u></a>	Sexual orientation and gender identity data collection pilot project.	9/16/2021- Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 177, Statutes of 2021.	Would require the State Department of Public Health to establish a 3-year pilot program in up to 6 counties that agree to participate, for the identification and collection by coroners and medical examiners of gender identity and sexual orientation in cases of violent death. The bill would require the counties to be trained in the data

			collection by a public or private agency with expertise in identifying and collecting clinical data pertaining to sexual orientation and gender identity, as specified. Following the training, the bill would require a coroner or medical examiner to begin data collection and to aggregate, deidentify, and annually report the data to the board of supervisors and the department.
<a href="#"><u>AB 1455</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Wicks D</u></a>	Sexual assault by law enforcement officers: actions against public entities: statute of limitations.	10/6/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 595, Statutes of 2021.	The Government Claims Act sets forth the general procedure for the presentation of claims as a prerequisite to commencement of actions for money or damages against local public entities, as defined. This bill would exempt a claim arising out of an alleged sexual assault by a law enforcement officer if the alleged assault occurred while the officer was employed by a law enforcement agency from all state and local government claim presentation requirements. This bill would exempt a claim arising out of an alleged sexual assault, as defined, by a law enforcement officer if the alleged assault occurred on or after the plaintiff's 18th birthday and while the officer was employed by a law enforcement agency from all state and local government claim presentation requirements.
<a href="#"><u>SB 2</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Bradford D</u></a>	Peace officers: certification: civil rights.	9/30/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 409, Statutes of 2021.	Under current law, the Tom Bane Civil Rights Act, if a person or persons, whether or not acting under color of law, interferes or attempts to interfere, by threats, intimidation, or coercion, with the exercise or enjoyment by any individual or individuals of rights secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or of the rights secured by the Constitution or laws of this state, the Attorney General, or any district attorney or city attorney, is authorized to bring a civil action for injunctive and other appropriate equitable relief in the name of the people of the State of California, in order to protect the exercise or enjoyment of the right or rights secured. Current law also authorizes an action brought by the Attorney General, or any district attorney or city attorney, to seek a civil penalty of \$25,000. Current law also allows an individual whose exercise or enjoyment of rights has been interfered with to prosecute a civil action for damages on their own behalf. This bill would eliminate certain immunity provisions for peace officers and custodial officers, or public entities employing peace officers or custodial officers sued under the act.
<a href="#"><u>SB 380</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Eggman D</u></a>	End of life.	10/5/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by	Would allow for an individual to qualify for aid-in-dying medication by making 2 oral requests a minimum of 48 hours apart. The bill would eliminate the requirement that an individual who is prescribed and

		Secretary of State. Chapter 542, Statutes of 2021.	ingests aid-in-dying medication make a final attestation. The bill would require that the date of all oral and written requests be documented in an individual's medical record and would require that upon a transfer of care, that record be provided to the qualified individual. The bill would extend the operation of the End of Life Option Act until January 1, 2031, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by extending the operation of crimes for specified violations of the act.
<a href="#"><u>SB 447</u></a> <a href="#"><u>Laird D</u></a>	Civil actions: decedent's cause of action.	10/1/2021- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 448, Statutes of 2021.	Current law provides that a cause of action that survives the death of the person entitled to commence an action or proceeding passes to the decedent's successor in interest and an action may be commenced by the decedent's personal representative or, if none, by the decedent's successor in interest. Current law limits the damages recoverable in that action or proceeding to the loss or damage that the decedent sustained or incurred before death, including any penalties or punitive or exemplary damages that the decedent would have been entitled to recover had the decedent lived. Current law prohibits the recovery of damages for the decedent's pain, suffering, or disfigurement in that action or proceeding. This bill would permit damages for a decedent's pain, suffering, or disfigurement to be recovered in an action brought by the decedent's personal representative or successor in interest if the action or proceeding was granted a specified preference before January 1, 2022, or was filed on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2026.